# APS-5305 Audio Path Selector <br> >>>> INGTALLATION HANDBOQK 

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## 1. Introduction

The Flight Path $\underline{\text { Audio }} \underline{\text { Path }} \underline{\text { Selector (APS) automatically switches between two } 300 \text { baud full duplex FSK audio }}$ signals for an Instrument Landing System. The system selects the strongest signal for maximum reliability and provides redundancy in the event of a fibre optic or twisted pair copper cable failure, or a power supply failure.


Fig. 1.1 FSK signal flow diagram

Each Line Card (part number PC-5305) combines a passive hybrid, an active splitter, an active selector, adjustable Tx and Rx gain amplifiers, and a digital signal processor (DSP). In a power fail situation the Line Card defaults to Direction 2 with a 6dB hybrid loss.


Fig. 1.2 APS block diagram
The Power Supply Card (part number PC-5306) has two (2) 48 V to 24 V d.c. converters providing power which is distributed via a back plane to each of the Line Cards.

A 2RU rack houses up to 8 Line Cards \& the Power Supply Card.


Fig. 1.3 Chassis front panel

## 2. Installation

### 2.1 Chassis RA-4757



The APS rack assembly is a $2 R U$ high 19 " chassis approximately 250 mm deep. It is supplied with 2 mounting brackets which may be located for either front or rear mounting. There are also optional holes in the brackets allowing for the rack face to be set back for cable and connector clearance.


Fig. 2.1.1 Chassis RA-4757

The acrylic front panel attaches via 6 M3 screws \& nylon washers. The acrylic front panel retains the cards within the rack and must be removed for card access.


CUT DUT $47.2 \times 13$
(8 PLACES)
Fig. 2.1.2 Acrylic front panel


### 2.2 Line Card PC-5305



Connections to the APS Line Card RJ45 connectors are made as follows:


### 2.2.1 RJ45 Pin-outs

## VF COMMON

| Pin Number | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 | Tx/Rx audio (+) to/from modem |
| 5 | Tx/Rx audio return (-) |
| 6 |  |
| 7 |  |
| 8 |  |

## VF DIR 1

| Pin Number | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 | Rx audio (+) to selector |
| 4 | Tx audio (+) from splitter |
| 5 | Tx audio return (-) |
| 6 | Rx audio return (-) |
| 7 |  |
| 8 |  |

## VF DIR 2

| Pin Number | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 | Rx audio (+) to selector |
| 4 | Tx audio (+) from splitter |
| 5 | Tx audio return (-) |
| 6 | Rx audio return (-) |
| 7 |  |
| 8 |  |

### 2.3 Power Supply Card PC-5306



The Power Supply Card can be powered from two separate redundant -48 V d.c. sources. Two pluggable screw connectors are supplied to make the connections. Care must be taken to ensure correct polarities are maintained, as marked on the front panel.


After energisation both LEDs in the Power Supply Card (PC-5306) should illuminate, and the red (POWER) and green (DIR 1) LEDs in each installed Line Card (PC-5305)) should also show. The Line Cards are hotswappable.

## 3. Circuit Descriptions

### 3.1 Line Card - PC-5305

### 3.1.1 Passive Hybrid

The VF Common port (SK1) is connected directly to a passive hybrid network consisting of a pair of custom wound hybrid coils and an adjustable balance network, in this case a $2 k$ trim pot.

Line matching is achieved by adjusting the 'LINE MATCH' trim pot (RV1) to minimise reflections \& maximise the trans-hybrid loss (which means that relatively little of the transmitted audio should appear on the local receive port). This is factory set for an impedance of $600 \Omega$. Provision is made for complex impedance, but these components are normally not fitted.


Fig. 3.1.1.1 Hybrid circuit

### 3.1.2 Power Fail

Should both -48 V d.c. inputs or their respective converters fail, two relays (K2 \& K3) relax switching both the Tx \& Rx signals to VF Direction 2 (SK3). There are no active components, and therefore no gain in this mode of operation, with a 6 dB hybrid loss.

Please note that in powered mode the $T x$ and $R x$ gains are set to $0 d B$ so that the overall insertion loss is 6 dB nominal which approximately equals the unpowered insertion loss.

### 3.1.3 Splitter

The incoming signal - Common Rx is received from the passive hybrid specifically T 1 (via relay K 2 ) and split to two adjustable gain sections. Each section is output to either VF Direction 1 (SK2) or VF Direction 2 (SK3). Each section consists of a buffer amplifier, an adjustment trim pot, 2 driver amplifiers, \& an isolation transformer. The gain is adjustable between $-20 \mathrm{~dB} \&+16 \mathrm{~dB}$. The adjustment for VF Direction 1 Tx (SK2 pins 4\&5) is made with a trim pot RV4, labelled on the board 'Tx DIR1', VF Direction 2 Tx (SK3 pins 4\&5) is adjusted by RV5 labelled 'Tx DIR2'. The gains are factory set to 0 dB .


Fig. 3.1.3.1 Splitter circuit

### 3.1.4 Selector

The signals received (Rx) from both VF Direction 1 Rx (SK2 pins 3 \& 6) and VF Direction 2 Rx (SK3 pins 3 \& 6) via isolation transformers and passed to buffer amplifiers and gain adjustment trim pots to the selector relay K1. The gain is adjustable between $-20 \mathrm{~dB} \&+16 \mathrm{~dB}$. The Rx gain for Direction 1 is adjusted by RV3 and Direction 2 by RV2. The gains are factory set to 0dB.


Fig. 3. 1.4.1 Selector circuit
The received signals (Rx) are also split off to buffer amplifier / filter networks to be passed to the DSP microprocessor U5. The circuit below shows the buffer / filter arrangement.


Fig. 3.1.4.2 Filter circuit

The received signals, after filtering, are constantly monitored by the processor, for signal level. If there is a variation between the signal levels (dipswitch selectable, default 6 dB ), the processor switches the stronger signal via relay K1 to be output via a driver amplifier to the passive hybrid (T2) and out to VF Common (SK1). The following circuit shows the output amplifier network.


Fig. 3.1.4.3 Output op-amp circuit

### 3.1.5 The Digital Signal Processor switches between signals according to the following rules:

- When there is no Rx audio signal on either VF Direction 1 or VF Direction 2 the APS defaults to VF Direction 1. No audio is defined as less than -36dBm measured at the VF Common port.
- When the Rx VF Direction 1 audio signal drops below the VF Direction 2 audio signal by the dip switch (SW1 labelled "THRESH") selectable amount (3dB, 6dB, 9dB, or 12dB), the APS switches to VF Direction 2. The default setting is 6 dB
- When the VF Direction 1 signal rises to within 1dB of VF Direction 2, the APS switches to VF Direction 1
- The changeover delay from VF Direction 1 to VF Direction 2 (and vice versa) is pre-set to $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{m s}$. This can be varied by adjusting RV6 labelled "DIR C/O DELAY"

There are 3 LED's on the board. The green LED indicates VF Direction 1 is active, and the yellow LED indicates that VF Direction 2 is active. The red LED indicates power on the Line Card.

### 3.1.6 Line Card Power

The Line Card has 24 V d.c. input from the back plane via PL1, a protective diode bridge, and a PTC resettable fuse. There is a local storage capacitor to assist with peak demands. A 5 V d.c. regulator provides a digital supply for the DSP microprocessor. An Operational Amplifier is used to split the supply rails \& provide a reference OVA for the various analogue circuits. As previously mentioned, a red LED is used to indicate power to the Line Card.

### 3.2 Power Supply Card - PC-5306

The Power Supply Card consists of 2 "half brick" 48 to 24 V d.c. converter modules (MEANWELL PSOMHB7548S24), and associated circuitry.

Each module has its -48 V d.c. input via a DINKLE 2ESDV-02 connector through the front panel. The input passes through a polarity protection diode and EMI filtering to the module. The output of each module is indicated by a red LED near its respective input connector. Each output passes through a steering \& load share diode arrangement and output to the back plane.

Each module is capable of supplying the full load to 8 cards, the double arrangement provided for redundancy. Heatsinking (PSOM-C308) is provided as a precaution.

## 4. Specifications

| Enclosure | 2RU high, 19" rack mount, 250mm deep |
| :---: | :---: |
| Finish | Dulux metallic charcoal powder coat |
| Power Requirement | -37 to -75V d.c. (-48V d.c. nominal), polarity sensitive |
| Power Consumption | 21mA @ 48V per card |
| Initial Inrush Current | 120 mA @ 48V for <300ms per card on initial power up |
| Operating Temperature Range | $-10 \rightarrow 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| Storage Temperature Range | $-20 \rightarrow 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient |
| Humidity, Storage and Operating | To 98\% non condensing |
| Mean Time Between Failure | > 20 years |
| Input/output Impedance | $600 \Omega$ balanced (transformer isolated) |
| Frequency Response | $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ in the range $300 \mathrm{~Hz} \rightarrow 3.4 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| THD | <2\% @ +6dBm |
| Max. Input, all Rx ports | +6dBm |
| Max. Output, all Tx ports | +6dBm |
| Tx Gain adjustment | Trim pot adjustable -20dB $\rightarrow+16 \mathrm{~dB}$ (default 0dB into $600 \Omega$ ) |
| Rx Gain adjustment | Trim pot adjustable -20dB $\leftarrow+16 \mathrm{~dB}$ (default 0dB into 600 ${ }^{\text {) }}$ |
| Insertion Loss | 6dB nominal (intentionally adjusted to match level in unpowered mode) |
| Return Loss | Hybrid match trim-pot adjustable $>40 \mathrm{~dB}$ from 300 Hz to 3400 Hz into $600 \Omega$ resistive |
| Change-over level | DIP Switch switchable 3, 6, 9 or 12dB (default 6dB) |
| Restore DIR 1 level | Within 1dB of DIR 2 level (firmware adjustable) |
| Change-over delay | Trim pot adjustable 0-2 secs (default 100ms) |
| ACMA Supplier Code | N468 |
| ERAC Responsible Supplier Number | E1287 |
| Warranty | 2 Years |

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